

# 臺灣教育大學系統

## 104 學年度第一學期學士班二、三年級轉學生聯合招生考試試題

系 別：應數組

科 目：微積分

考試時間：90 分鐘【8:30–10:00】

總 分：100 分

不得使用計算機  
或任何儀具。

※ 注意：不必抄題，作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在答卷上；限用藍色或黑色筆作答，使用其他顏色或鉛筆作答者，所考科目以零分計算。(於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。)

### 計算證明題 (每題 10 分，共 100 分)

1. Prove that if  $f$  is continuous on  $[0,1]$  and satisfies  $0 \leq f(x) \leq 1$  for all  $x \in [0,1]$ , then there exists at least one point  $c$  in  $[0,1]$  such that

$$f(c) = c.$$

2. Assume that  $y$  is a twice differentiable function of  $x$  which satisfies the equation  $y^2 + xy - x^2 = 9$ . Express  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  in terms of  $x$  and  $y$ .

3. Find  $a$  and  $b$  given that  $f(x) = \frac{ax}{(x^2 + b^2)}$  has a local minimum at

$$x = -2 \text{ and } f'(0) = 1.$$

4. Evaluate, if possible, the improper integral  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^x}{e^{2x} + 1} dx$ .

5. Evaluate  $\iint_S \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} dx dy$ , where  $S$  is the region between the circles

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4 \text{ and } x^2 + y^2 = 9.$$

6. Suppose that a function  $f$  is differentiable on the open interval  $(a,b)$  and continuous on the closed interval  $[a,b]$ . Prove that there is at least one number  $c$  in  $(a,b)$  such that  $f(b) - f(a) = f'(c)(b - a)$ .

7. Calculate the limit  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (\sin x)^x$ .

8. Find equations for the lines tangent and normal to the curve

$$y \sin 2x - x \sin y = \pi/4$$

at the point  $(\pi/4, \pi/2)$ .

9. Calculate the area of the region bounded by the curves

$$x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + x + y = 0, \quad x + y + 4 = 0.$$

10. Find the interval of convergence of the power series

$$\frac{1}{5^2}(x-1) + \frac{4}{5^4}(x-1)^2 + \frac{9}{5^6}(x-1)^3 + \frac{16}{5^8}(x-1)^4 + \dots$$